

Consumer Confidence Report for Calendar Year 2020

Este informe contiene informactión muy importante sobre el aqua usted bebe. Tradúscalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

| Public Water System ID Number | Public Water System Name | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|------------------|--|--|
| AZ04-04026 | Payson Water Company – East Verde Estates Water System | | | | |
| Contact Name and Title | | Phone Number | E-mail Address | | |
| Payson Water Customer Service Center | | 888-644-6771 | info@jwwater.net | | |

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more about public participation or to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings, please contact Payson Water Customer Service Center at 888-644-6771 for additional opportunity and meeting dates and times.

Drinking Water Sources

The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Our water source(s): Groundwater drawn from the Upper Salt watershed

Drinking Water Contaminants

Microbial Contaminants: Such as viruses and bacteria that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife

Inorganic Contaminants: Such as salts and metals that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming

Pesticides and Herbicides: Such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses that may come from a variety of sources

Organic Chemical Contaminants: Such as synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also may come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive Contaminants: That can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Vulnerable Population

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV-AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

For more information about contaminants and potential health effects, or to receive a copy of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and microbiological contaminants call the EPA *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* at 1-800-426-4791.

Source Water Assessment

Based on the information currently available on the hydrogeologic settings of and the adjacent land uses that are in the
specified proximity of the drinking water source(s) of this public water system, the department has given a low risk
designation for the degree to which this public water system drinking water source(s) are protected. A low risk
designation indicates that most source water protection measures are either already implemented, or the hydrogeology
is such that the source water protection measures will have little impact on protection.

Further source water assessment documentation can be obtained by contacting ADEQ.

Definitions

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water

Level 1 Assessment: A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria was present

Level 2 Assessment: A very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria was present

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment, or other requirements

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The level of disinfectant added for water treatment that may not be exceeded at the consumer's tap

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of disinfectant added for treatment at which no known or anticipated adverse effect on health of persons would occur

Minimum Reporting Limit (MRL): The smallest measured concentration of a substance that can be reliably measured by a given analytical method

Millirems per year (MREM): A measure of radiation absorbed by the body

Not Applicable (NA): Sampling was not completed by regulation or was not required

Not Detected (ND or <): Not detectable at reporting limit

Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU): A measure of water clarity

Million fibers per liter (MFL)

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L): Measure of the radioactivity in water

ppm: Parts per million or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) **ppb**: Parts per billion or Micrograms per liter (μg/L)

ppt: Parts per trillion or Nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppm x 1000 = ppbppb x 1000 = ppt

ppq: Parts per quadrillion or Picograms per liter (pg/L)

ppt x 1000 = ppq

Lead Informational Statement:

Lead, in drinking water, is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. East Verde Estates Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data - Regulated Contaminants

| Microbiological (RTCR) | TT Violation Y or N | Number of Positive Samples | Positive Sample(s) Month & Year | MCL | MCLG | Likely Source of Contamination | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------|--|
| E. Coli | N | 0 | N/A | 0 | 0 | Human and animal fecal waste | |
| Disinfectants | MCL Violation Y or N | Running Annual Average (RAA) | Range of All Samples (Low-High) | MRDL | MRDLG | Sample Month & Year | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Chlorine/Chloramine (ppm) | N | 0.53 | 0.40 - 0.63 | 4 | 0 | Monthly 2020 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| Disinfection By-Products | MCL Violation Y or N | Running Annual Average (RAA) <u>OR</u> Highest Level Detected | Range of All Samples (Low-High) | MCL | MCLG | Sample Month & Year | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb) | N | ND | ND | 60 | N/A | July 2018 | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) (ppb) | N | 3.0 | 3.0 | 80 | N/A | July 2018 | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection |
| Lead & Copper | MCL Violation Y or N | 90 th Percentile | Number of Samples Exceeds AL | AL | ALG | Sample Month & Year | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Copper (ppm) | N | 0.24 | 0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | Sept 2020 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| Lead (ppb) | N | 9 | 1 | 15 | 0 | Sept 2020 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |

| Radionuclides | MCL Violation Y or N | Running Annual Average (RAA) <u>OR</u> Highest Level Detected | Range of All Samples (Low-High) | MCL | MCLG | Sample Month & Year | Likely Source of Contamination |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----|------|---------------------------|--|
| Alpha Emitters (pCi/L) | N | 8.7 | 1.9 – 8.7 | 15 | 0 | Mar and May 2016 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Inorganic Chemicals (IOC) | MCL Violation Y or N | Running Annual Average (RAA) <u>OR</u> Highest Level Detected | Range of All Samples (Low-High) | MCL | MCLG | Sample Month & Year | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Nitrate ¹ (ppm) | N | 8.5 | 8.2 – 8.5 | 10 | 10 | Feb and Apr 2020 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Sodium (ppm) | N | 26 | 23.8 - 26 | N/A | N/A | Mar and Apr 2018 | Erosion of natural deposits |

¹ **Nitrate** in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause "blue baby syndrome." Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, and detected nitrate levels are above 5 ppm, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

Violation Summary (for MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring & Reporting Requirement)

| Violation Type | Explanation, Health Effects | Time Period | Corrective Actions | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| | There were no Violations for 2020. | | | |
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